

BMO Threshold Development and Recharge Mapping: Project Update Sacramento Central Groundwater Authority

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Complex Challenges | Innovative Solutions

rmcwater.com

Funding Acknowledgement

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California Department of Water Resources







Agenda

- Background and Need
- Project Update
 - Groundwater Elevation BMO Threshold Development
 - Recharge Mapping
 - Recharge Field Study
- Next Steps





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Project Team

- SCGA Project manager / Grant recipient
- SCGA Member Agencies Sampling assistance
- California Department of Water Resources Funding entity
- RMC Water and Environment Technical consultant
- HydroFocus Technical consultant



Project Background

- Two Major Components
 - Groundwater Elevation BMO Threshold Development
 - Recharge Mapping





Background: Thresholds

CENTRAL SACRAMENTO COUNTY

GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

MWH

FEBRUARY 2006

WATER AGENCY



Background - BMOs

- Maintain a long-term average groundwater extraction rate of 273,000 AF/year.
- 2. Establish specific minimum groundwater elevations within all areas of the basin consistent with the Water Forum "Solution."
- 3. Protect against any potential inelastic land surface subsidence.
- 4. Protect against any adverse impacts to surface water flows.
- 5. Develop specific water quality objectives for several constituents of concern.





Need – BMO No. 2

- 1. Actions defined
- 2. Triggers defined
- Approach to implementation defined
- 4. Need to implement approach

Will also support SGMA

Table 4-1. Monitoring Actions and Trigger Points (continued)

Monitoring Action	Trigger Points	Recommended Action	
BMO No. 2. Maintain specific groundwater elevations within all areas of the basin consistent with the Water Forum "solu- tion."			
A monitoring methodology to meet spe- cific objectives in managing groundwa- ter levels requires a systematic, repeat- able, and scientific approach. The objective of this monitoring program is to take measurements from selected monitoring wells that have sufficient construction and hydrogeologic data. Wells will be assigned to represent the polygon areas defined in Appendix B , and may be grouped within the basin in areas that are sufficiently distinct in the makeup of hydrogeology and land use. Monitored groundwater levels for a well will be compared with the designated upper and lower ground- water level threshold for each polygon that is assigned to the well. The upper and lower thresholds are termed the "bandwidth" of the polygon.	Trigger Point 1. A 25 to 50 percent encroachment into the designated bandwidth of a polygon.	Alert stage that informs the basin governance bod and the overlying groundwater extractor(s) that a specific polygon area is being compromised. Acti- vation of this trigger will take place only after the cause of the condition is thoroughly investigated.	
	Trigger Point 2. A 50 to 75 percent encroachment into the designated bandwidth of a polygon.	In the event groundwater level measurements hit Trigger Point 2 without first initiating Trigger Point 1, the recommended actions of Trigger Point 1 sti apply. Additionally, this stage initiates a require- ment to collect a fee to secure supplemental wate supplies or to reduce pumping in a predefined area(s).	
	Trigger Point 3. A 75 to 100 percent encroach- ment into the designated bandwidth of a polygon. This indicates continuously declining groundwater levels in an area even during wet and normal hydrologic cycles, indicating that excessive pumping is the probable cause.	Well owners with operating wells in the affected area(s) will be identified and notified of the basin condition in their area. An assessment will be lev ied against those owners who continue to pump the higher level. Every attempt will be made by th governance body to ameliorate the impact assess ments to private domestic groundwater pumpers.	
	Trigger Point 4. Over 100 percent encroach- ment into the designated bandwidth of a polygon.	If the recommended actions from the first three trigger points do not result in an improvement to the affected area(s), the basin governance body will need to consic which of two actions it will take. The first is to conside whether a lower groundwater level in the area is accer able. If so, the basin governance body has the ability to adapt to the actual monitoring data and change the model-based thresholds for management in the area.	
		If lower groundwater levels are deemed unac- ceptable, the second action would require finding supplemental water supplies and construct infra- structure for the area(s) and reduce pumping to allow groundwater levels to recover to acceptable levels. Fees in addition to Trigger Point 3 fees will I assessed to cover costs associated with this action	



Project Background

- Two Major Components
 - Groundwater Elevation BMO Threshold Development
 - Recharge Mapping





Background/Need: Recharge Mapping

- Water Code, through AB359, required a map of recharge areas in GWMPs
- Now, SGMA requires a map of recharge areas
- Important to understand recharge from
 - Precipitation and applied water
 - Rivers
 - Subsurface flow at boundaries





Background/Need: Recharge Mapping

- Recharge is estimated
- Calibrated groundwater model
 - Tool for developing realistic estimates
 - Limitations due to similar recharge sources, results in non-unique solutions
- Sampling will improve the understanding of the contributions of the rivers vs. other sources
- Better understanding will improve models and assist management decisions





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Groundwater Elevation BMO Threshold Development (Model Update)

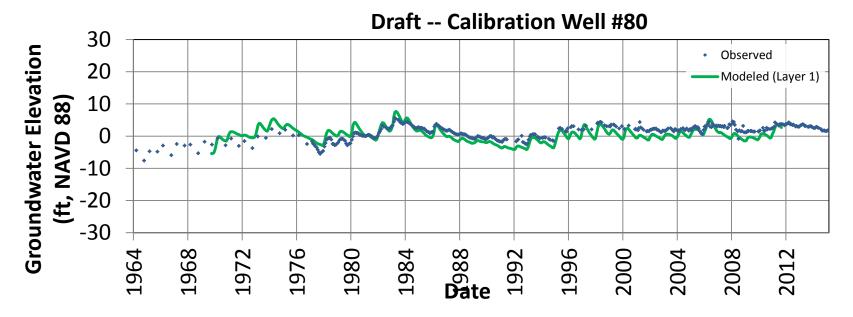
- Update to the Baseline, to form the basis for the BMO analysis, incorporating:
 - Land use/Cropping from Basin Management Report
 - **Pumping** from Basin Management Report
 - Diversion records from Reclamation and SWRCB
 - Precipitation from NOAA and CIMIS
 - Streamflow from USGS
 - Future land use from General Plans
 - Future water supplies and demand from UWMPs





Model Update

- Historical calibration model updated
 - Groundwater levels nearly verified
 - Final edits being made





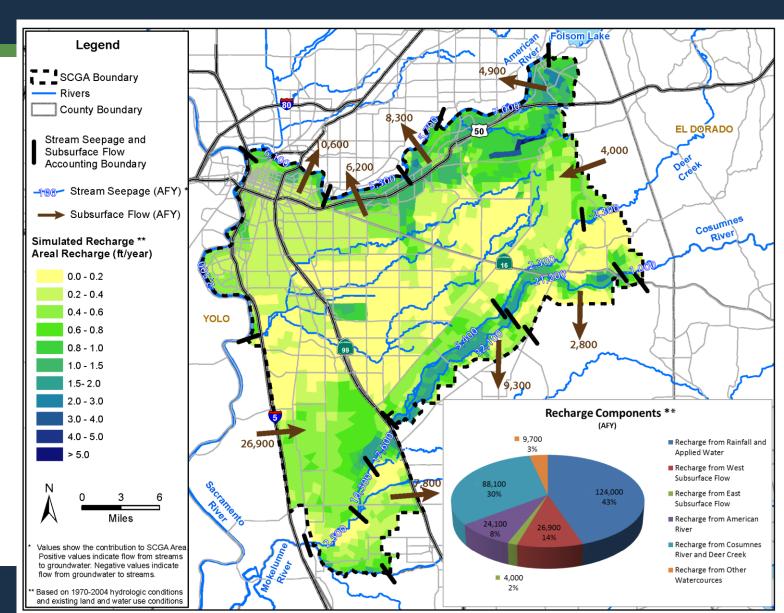
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Draft Recharge Map





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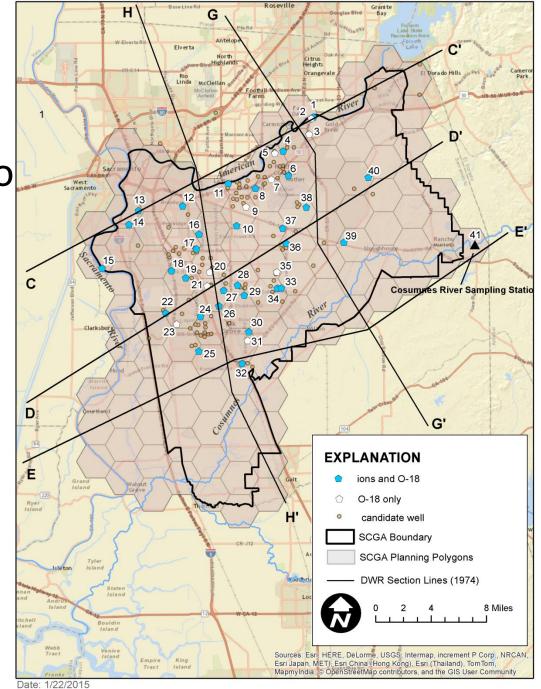
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Recharge Field Study Sampled Wells

- City of Sacramento
- SCWA
- Golden State
- CalAm
- Private CASGEM





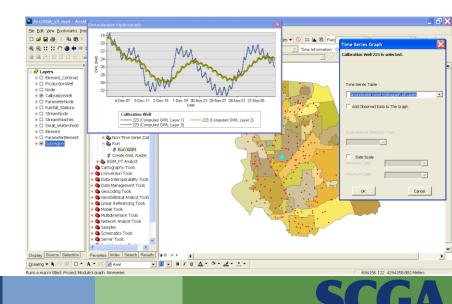
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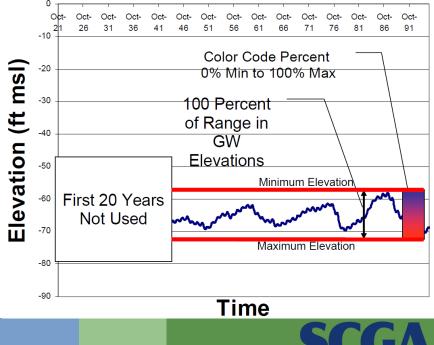


- Incorporate into extended Future Conditions Baseline
- Extract hydrographs for each grid area from model



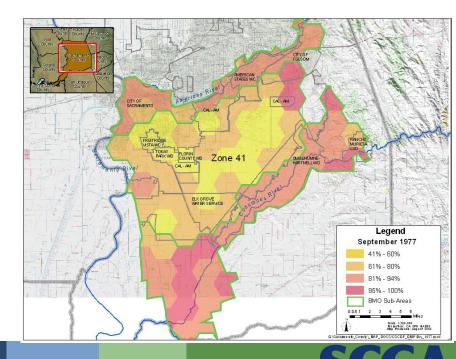


Identify maximum and minimum modeled groundwater elevations. Values with 5% buffer define the bandwidth.





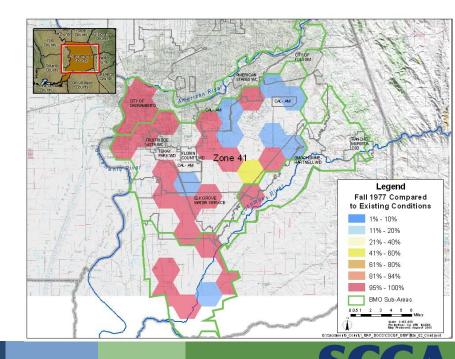
Aggregate polygons based on similar hydrologic responses





Ground truth the results

1977 measured conditions





Ground truth the results

- 1977 measured conditions
- Compare modeled to measured elevations for 1977

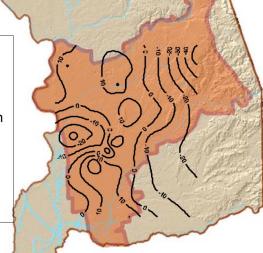
Groundwater Elevation Contours (ft msl)

Difference Between 1977 Real Data

and

Water Forum Solution 1977 Model Data

(Negative Value Implies <u>Model</u> Data Shows Deeper Elevation)





Develop framework for monitoring and management

• Contained in Section 4 of the GWMP





BMO Threshold Development - Approach

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Next Steps – Recharge Mapping

- Recharge map completed
- Sampling completed

- Next steps:
 - Receive, analyze, and interpret results
 - Verify model simulation of recharge, based on results





Next Steps – Recharge Mapping

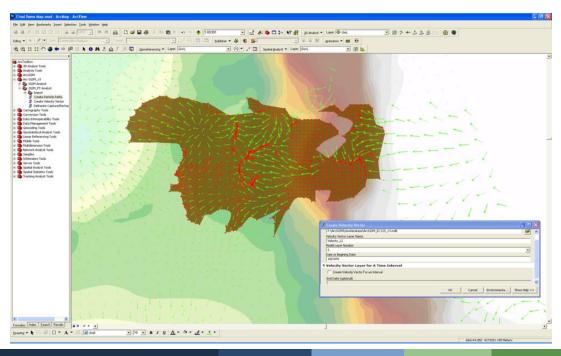
- Goal provide information on source of recharge
- Focus on
 - Stable isotopes to help identify source water
 - Major anions and cations to distinguish between different waters





Next Steps – Recharge Mapping Verification of Model

 Results from water quality study will be compared to simulated flowpaths to identify potential need for future model refinement







Major Deliverables

- Draft and Final TMs
 - Threshold Development
 - Recharge Analysis
- Draft and Final Recharge Map



Stakeholder Participation

- Four meetings are planned to keep stakeholders informed
 - Previous: Initial meeting to describe the project and to receive comments
 - Today: Project update, including model extension and sampling.
 - May 2015: Project update, including proposed thresholds
 - July 2015: Present the final results of the study.





Contact Information

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